

Aerostar All Wheel Drive Electronics

By Mike Weinberg Contributing Editor

Since Ford introduced the all-wheel-drive Aerostar model, equipped with a Dana 28 transfer case, tech lines around the country have been very busy. Part of the problem is a lack of understanding and good information about how this system works. The other part of the problem is resolution of driveline and other problems with design and manufacture that all new

models go through.

I have written articles about the inner workings of the Dana 28 transfer case in previous issues of this magazine, and after a brief review here we will concentrate on understanding the electronics involved and quick diagnostic tips.

The Dana 28 transfer case is a full-time unit that provides all-wheel-drive capability to the Aerostar. In the unit are an

electromagnetic clutch assembly, typical chain-driven sprockets and a planetary set. Under normal driving conditions torque is split 33½ to the front axle and 66½ to the rear axle. Both output shafts of the transfer case are monitored by speed sensors inputting information to a control module under the driver's seat. When the computer senses a slip

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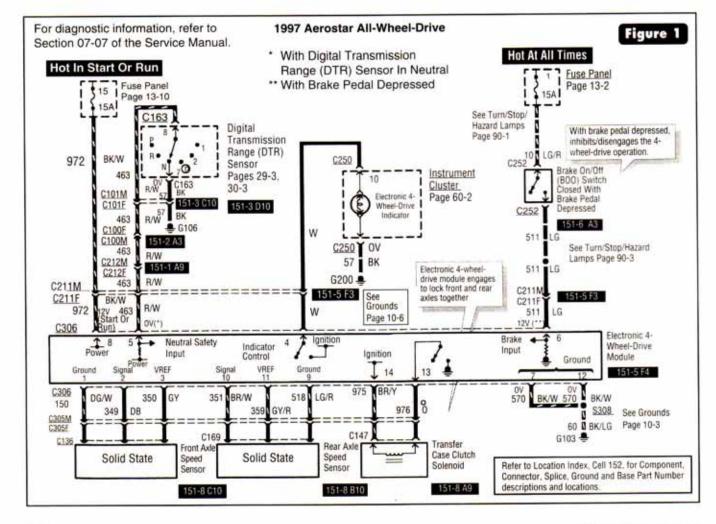
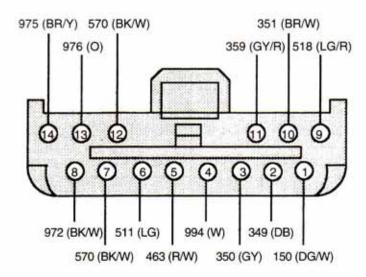


Figure 2



Electronic 4-Wheel-Drive Module

Pin	Circuit	Function
1	150 (DG/W)	Front-Axle Speed-Sensor Ground
2	349 (DB)	Front-Axle Speed-Sensor Signal
3	350 (GY)	Front-Axle Speed-Sensor VREF
4	994 (W)	Indicator Control
5	463 (R/W)	Neutral Sensor From DTR
6	511 (LG)	Brake On/Off (BOO) Switch
7	570 (BK/W)	Ground
8	972 (BK/W)	Power (Hot in Run)
9	518 (LG/R)	Rear-Axle Speed-Sensor Ground
10	351 (BR/W)	Rear-Axle Speed-Sensor Signal
11	359 (GY/R)	Rear-Axle Speed-Sensor VREF
12	570 (BK/W)	Ground
13	976 (O)	Clutch-Solenoid Signal Low
14	975 (BR/Y)	Clutch-Solenoid Signal High

Note: Front-axle and rear-axle speed sensors generate a variablefrequency square-wave signal that the electronic 4-wheel-drive module uses to compute axle speed.

(different driveshaft speeds), it turns on the electromagnetic clutch for about 3 seconds. This locks the geartrain in the transfer case and provides a 50/50 torque split to the axles. After 3 seconds the clutch will come off; if the slip is still there the clutch will continue to cycle on and off until axle speeds equalize.

The most-common complaint

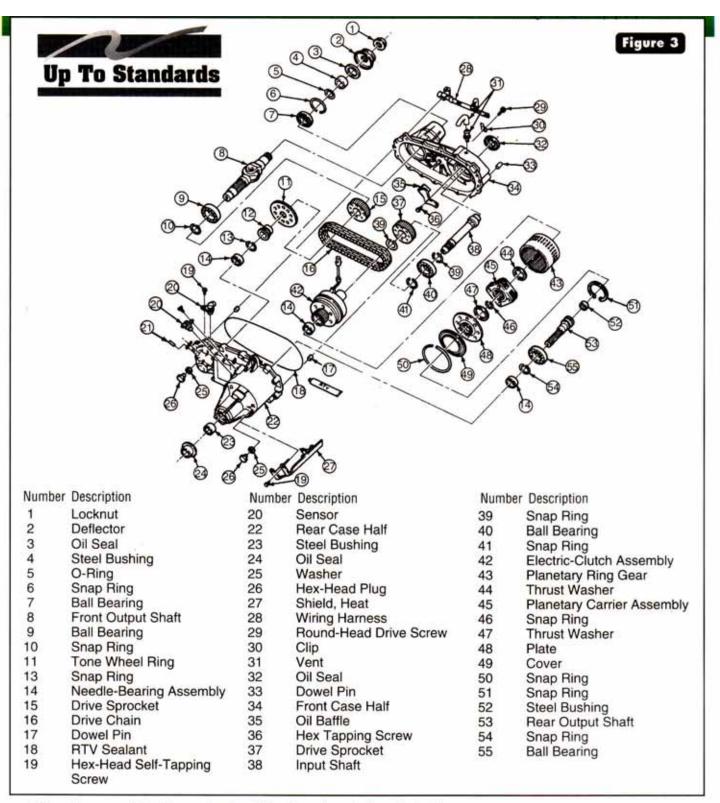
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on these units is wheel hop and vibration during cornering. Before doing anything else on these vehicles, check tire pressures (they all must be equal) and make sure all the tires are the same size and diameter. There has been a high failure rate on the speed sensors. The quickest test here is to go under the driver's seat and disconnect the control module and road-test the vehicle. If the wheel hop is gone, it is safe to assume that the problem is not internal to the transfer case, and the speed sensors should be tested on a scope and replaced as necessary.

There are many concerns with NVH (noise, vibration and harshness) on this unit. Ford has issued a comprehensive technical bulletin addressing these problems, and I would suggest that you obtain a copy of this for reference when one of these vehicles is in the shop. The article is #92-17-12.

The service manuals do not provide adequate electric schematics on these vehicles, so diagnosis is next to impossible. We have included here the factory diagrams, which are excellent aids in diagnosing electronic problems. You will notice that this is a simple system with inputs coming to the control module from the speed sensors on the transfer case, the manual-lever-position sensor, the brake on/off (BOO) switch and the magnetic clutch in the transfer case. With this information you should have no problem getting your customer back on the road.

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One other small but important item to put in your memory banks: The Dana 28 transfer case uses ATF for lube. There is a vent hose on top of the transfer case. This small, U-shaped preformed rubber hose must face the front of the vehicle and be exactly centered.

If the hose is not directly in line with dead center, air rushing by it will create a venturi effect and siphon oil out of the unit.

THE BOTTOM LINE:

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